

TERMS OF THE NEWS.

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Address: RICHARDSON, DAWSON & CO., No. 149 East Bay, Charleston, S. C.

The Charleston News.

SATURDAY, MAY 25, 1872.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—Gold closed at 133.

—Cotton in New York closed strong; uplands 54 cents; sales 2368 bales.

—In Liverpool cotton closed firm; uplands 11 1/2; Orleans 11 1/2; sales 12,000 bales.

—The Florida sponge-gatherers realized \$250,000 last year.

—A pneumatic tube is to be tried between the government printing office and the capitol at Washington.

—A Chicago committee on placards for smoking cars have agreed on the following form of words: "If the passengers expect to rate as gentlemen, they must not expectorate on the floor."

—A Western paper relates that a Democrat was plining at a certain hotel one day, when the polite waiter said to him: "Beef, pork, mutton, veal, or chicken?" "I don't care," "was the reply; anything to beat Grant."

—It has been estimated in England that in three years of active circulation crown pieces lose five per cent. of their original weight; half crown pieces, ten per cent.; shillings, thirty per cent.; pence, forty per cent.; and threepences, forty-two per cent.

—The discovery is announced in Hungary of an almost entire human skeleton, together with a stone hammer, at a depth which, according to the theories of modern geologists, would prove that man must have existed long before the "mammoth age."

—It is expected that fashion will soon assert dominion over noses. A machine has been perfected in England, which, applied to the proboscis for an hour daily, so directs the soft cartilage that an ill-formed nose is quickly shaped to perfection. Thus every person may determine what sort of an organ he or she will wear, and the question of style becomes an important one.

—A significant letter has been written by United States Senator Ferry to Hon. James F. Babcock, of New Haven, expressing his gratitude to the Democrats who gave him their votes. He claims to be a Republican, and likely to remain so, but he says: "We are not all antagonisms, even in politics. We have one country that we love; one wish for its prosperity. We differ in many ways about the best method of promoting its welfare, but in some things, it has turned out that we are agreed." From the senatorial contest, he draws the lesson of a purer political future, for he concludes by saying that "the moral of the senatorial election in Connecticut is not that any party or faction, or individual, has won a triumph, but that the people sustain independent thought and action in their representatives."

—Four New Yorkers have shown the sporting portion of the Old World how Americans do certain things, and likewise made some little excitement for themselves by a series of gambling operations at Monaco, a quiet town in Upper Italy, and the only place in that region where the roulette and rouge tables flourish under the protection of the law. These sporting gentry appeared on the scene first simply as respectable travellers with their wives, and were much more interested in the drives and scenery of the surrounding country than in games of chance. Occasionally they took a turn at Fortune's wheel, and retired after losing a trifling sum. Soon their tactics changed, however, and they appeared at the bank well backed by notes and gold, to the small satisfaction of the proprietor, and opened the campaign. For two days they played, losing slightly but winning largely, until their spoils totaled up 140,000 francs, and the bank was declared broken. The keeper then charged them with playing on the first night with counterfeit gold and winning unfairly and refused to pay, which so aroused indignation in the many bosoms of the successful blacklegs that they whipped out their revolvers, and scattering the Italians, carried off the bank.

—It is surprising what crotchets valetudinaires will harbor. Here is an invalid lady in a New England town who is greatly distressed by the noisy vibrations of the telegraph wires which pass over her house. The company have removed their wires once to relieve her, but did it in such a way that, as she says in a little publication which she has made on the subject, "the incessant roar and ring" were "twice or three times as loud" as before. Ultimately, she was forced to pay seventy-five dollars to cover the expense of having the poles carried far away from her domicile. Personally, she is a lady of the Bollen noisies, but her distrust of telegraph companies has not in the least abated; for, in a handbill which she has obligingly forwarded to us, she expresses the opinion that telegraphs are established and stretched through every nook and corner of the land not only for the purpose of keeping invalid ladies awake, but "by a secret and designing party of politicians for the express purpose of ascertaining the exact state of affairs, and controlling, as far as possible, the free suffrages of the people."

—He who never had thought of this if the noisy wires had not kept her awake, we are happy to believe that the worthy woman is quite mistaken.

—A correspondent of the New York Evening Post writes from Washington as follows: "Chief Justice Chase is probably the best scholar that has ever presided over the Supreme Court. As a Latin scholar he is not surpassed by any man in the profession. While he was Governor of Ohio, a friend tells me, he read through the Greek Testament during his first term. He reads French as readily as English. He can translate 'Faust' into his own strong and vigorous tongue; and reads Italian and Spanish like the natives of those sunny lands. While he is not a poet, he is fond of 'Evenings with the Poets,' and has a high appreciation of Chaucer, Shakespeare, Milton, Dante, Goethe and others. He has made some good translations of the Latin poets for his own amusement. In mathematics he is a worthy pupil of Euclid. He is in the broadest sense an elegant and accomplished scholar. The health of Chief Justice Chase has improved greatly since he was

In the City of New York, a year ago last January. He eats well, digests well, sleeps well, exercises much and works hard. On Tuesday evening he worked until half-past ten o'clock, writing up one decision and looking up authorities for another. He says that it is seldom that he works beyond the hour of ten at night in his library. His old smile, his hearty laugh and his buoyant cheerfulness have come back to him. His general health is better now than it has been at any time in the last three years. On pleasant mornings he walks in to the capitol. This is his season of heavy work, as the Supreme Court is in session.

County Convention.

All citizens of Charleston County who are opposed to the misrule of the Radical party now controlling the Federal administration, are requested to meet in their several wards, or at their respective precincts, for the purpose of selecting delegates to a County Convention, to meet in Charleston on Thursday next, 30th instant, at 11 A. M., by which delegates may be elected to the Convention, to be held in Columbia on the 11th June next.

CHARLES H. SIMONTON, Member National Democratic Executive Committee for South Carolina.

The Columbia Convention as Affecting State Reform.

The controlling idea of General Kershaw's letter to Colonel Simonton Fair is contained in these words: "If we avoid any organization of our people for any political purpose 'whatever'—if we refrain from antagonizing 'the Republicans of this State on party questions'—if we avoid all irritating collisions with the colored people, and pursue 'a policy of conciliation—we may receive 'such a participation in the affairs of the State as will arrest her impending ruin.' And, again: 'If we refrain from taking our fruitless part in the contest, should the Republicans succeed we will have avoided 'giving any pretext to the incoming administration further to oppress and to persecute our people, and our wise moderation will have disarmed much of that 'prejudice, which excludes us from participation in the public affairs of the State.'"

This is apparently clear enough, but it is hardly to be supposed that General Kershaw means that this people should remain silent and motionless until the demagogues who control the voting majority are surfeited with plunder and sick of power. Such a policy would be both unprofitable and disgraceful. When he advises that we should avoid "any organization for any political purpose whatever," we prefer, therefore, to assume that his intention is to discourage any political organization which might "antagonize" the Republicans of this State and cause "irritating collisions" with the colored people. We are not ready to admit that even a Democratic canvass in this State, conducted upon the basis of a platform like that of the Reform movement or that of the Cincinnati Convention, would inevitably produce the evil consequences which General Kershaw naturally desires to avoid. Nevertheless, we are opposed to any such canvass, for the broad reason that its only result would be a crystallization of the Republican party and our inevitable defeat. The platform and the character of the candidates would not sensibly affect the canvass. At this time the colored people, remembering the lessons of their radical instructors, decline to have anything to do with a Democratic party, and refuse to vote for Democratic candidates. This fact is recognized by the white citizens, who are determined not to put a Democratic ticket in the field at the State elections to be held in October. They are prepared to support any Liberal Republican movement which may be shown to be worthy of countenance; but they do not intend to make a fight for the sake of being whipped, a sensation they have experienced already too often. There is, then, no danger of "antagonizing" the Republicans and "irritating" the colored people by a Democratic party canvass. Yet the people do not propose, much as they respect General Kershaw's opinions, to avoid any political organization whatever.

A State Convention of the Democratic party has been called, and will assemble in Columbia on the 11th of June. That Convention will not be composed exclusively of Democrats. It is held under the call of the National Democratic Executive Committee, who invite, in the Baltimore Convention, "the cordial co-operation of all conservative citizens who desire the restoration of constitutional government and the perpetuation of republican institutions." The State Convention, therefore, will represent all the elements of opposition to the present Federal administration. It is not a reorganization of the State Democratic party; it is a council of conservative citizens, held under the auspices of the State Democratic committee. And why is it so held? Because, on account of the disbanding of the Reform party, there was no other machinery which could be used for the purpose.

The well-understood object of the Columbia Convention is to choose delegates to the Baltimore Convention, which delegates shall be instructed to vote against a Democratic nomination and in favor of the endorsement of the Cincinnati candidates and platform. It is agreed that if the Baltimore Convention should, by any evil chance, nominate a third ticket, South Carolina and the Southern States in general will be constrained to occupy a passive position in the canvass. In going to Baltimore the South Carolina delegates proclaim the adhesion of the Democrats and Conservatives of this State to Greeley and Brown and the Cincinnati platform. What elements of antagonism or of irritation can be found in this?

General Kershaw will hardly refuse to admit that the "reform movement, within the Republican party" South Carolina, to which he and we hopefully look forward, must originate with the honest and intelligent members of that party. As well might we expect the leopard to change his spots, as to obtain reform by the free action of our Mackays and Neglies. It is not in their nature. The reform movement, if it comes at all, will come from men of less notoriety and greater virtue, who, happily for themselves, have stood in the rear rank for years. Will these men be antagonized by the public avowal that the white Conservatives, who offer them a hearty co-operation, are emphatically in favor of electing a staunch Republican as President of the United States? Will the colored people, in the Ring or out of it, be irritated by the knowledge that the Conservatives and old Democrats of the State reaffirm the principles of the Union

Reform movement of 1870, and again declare with Horace Greeley that "all the political rights and franchises which have been acquired through our late bloody convulsion must and shall be guaranteed, 'maintained, enjoyed and respected forever'?" To say that the nomination of a life-long Republican as the Democratic candidate, and the acceptance of a Republican declaration of principles as the Democratic platform, will cause the Reform Republicans in this State to abandon their patriotic purpose, and will lead the colored citizens to regard the whites with increased dislike, is to make a severe, and we believe unjust, reflection upon the candor and integrity of the very men from whom General Kershaw expects relief. Amnesty, Civil Service Reform, Equal Rights, Decentralization, and Parity and Honesty everywhere will naturally be obnoxious to the scoundrels who live by defrauding the public, and who know that the success of a Liberal Republican movement in South Carolina would send them out of the State, if not into the Penitentiary. But these principles cannot be distasteful to any body of citizens, whatever their color or class, who are sincerely desirous of working a favorable change in the character of the government of the State. We go further: No better proof of the fair purposes and liberal opinions of the Democrats and Conservatives in this State could possibly be had than is given by their cordial and unanimous support of the Liberal Republican nomination. With us this is no death-bed repentance. In sustaining Greeley and Brown and accepting their platform, we only renew to-day the pledges made more than two years ago. South Carolina was the first State to secede; she is called "the 'cradle of the rebellion.'" Let it also be remembered of her that South Carolina was the first Southern State in which the white citizens, in convention, affirmed the equal rights of all citizens before the law, and formally recognized the changes in the State and Federal Constitutions, consequent upon the bloody war of secession, as accomplished facts having the force and obligation of law.

From President Grant and his Radical beachmen, we have nothing whatever to hope. We cannot be worse treated than we have been for two years and more. And even if President Grant were re-elected the events of the canvass would force him, for his sake, to lessen the oppression and persecution which have given force and direction to the Liberal movement, and cause our military tyrant to totter on his throne. Nor will our inaction, even if he called "wise moderation," disarm the prejudices which deny to the whites their legitimate participation in the public affairs. What we cannot obtain by honest work and manifest sincerity of thought and act, we cannot and will not obtain by folding our arms and trusting to Jupiter to save us.

These are the conclusions to which we have come. It will be found that they are likewise the conclusions of the large majority of the conservative citizens of the State.

The County Convention.

The Hon. C. H. Simonton, the member of the National Democratic Committee for South Carolina, invites all citizens of Charleston County, who are opposed to the misrule of the Radical party now controlling the Federal administration, to meet and elect delegates to a County Convention, to be held in this city on Thursday next, which Convention will elect delegates to the State Convention to be held in Columbia on June 11. We like both the wording of the invitation and the manner in which the delegates are proposed to be chosen. The County Convention will be composed of all citizens who, in the words of the National Democratic Committee, desire "the restoration of constitutional government, and the perpetuation of republican institutions," and as the movement springs directly from the people, assembled in primary meetings, there is no room for any maneuvering which might prevent the Convention from being a frank and full expression of the popular will. It is earnestly to be desired that citizens in the several wards and precincts who are in sympathy with the Liberal cause should take steps at once for holding an election of delegates to the County Convention.

As nothing is said by Colonel Simonton with regard to the number of delegates to be chosen, we suggest that the delegations be elected according to the scale adopted in calling the County Convention in 1870. This would give 96 delegates in all, viz: City of Charleston, 6 delegates from each ward; St. Andrews 3; St. James 3; St. James Goose Creek 8; St. John's Berkeley 9; St. John's Colleton 12; St. Thomas and St. Dennis 3; Christ Church 4; St. Stephen's 3.

Miscellaneous.

WATER COOLERS, &c.

BATH TUBS, CREAM FREEZERS AND SPRINKLING POTS, T. CAMPBELL'S, No. 138 Meeting street, Opposite Pavilion Hotel.

WATER COOLERS, TWO TO EIGHT GALLONS,

CREAM FREEZERS, Wire Dish and Plate Covers, Ivory Handle Dessert and Table Spoons, Fishing Tackle, Turpentine Tools, Builders' Hardware, Henry's Vertical and Horizontal Corn Mills, In great variety at

S. B. MARSHALL, No. 314 KING STREET, CORNER OF SOCIETY, may22-tms

Sign of the Big Gun.

Lost and Found.

LOST A LIVER COLORED SETTER

Dog, supposed to have strayed. A reward will be paid for his recovery, at No. 92 Wentworth street.

LOST IN QUEEN, NEAR RUTLEDGE

street, on Rutledge street, a pair of old SLAVEY BUTTONS. A reward will be given if left at THE NEWS Office.

Boarding.

BOARD, IN BROOKLYN, N. Y., AT No. 610

Henry street, by the day or week. Parties visiting New York will find it to their interest and comfort to call at above number, a few minutes by horse-car from Cortlandt street, New York, via Hamilton Ferry. Sackett-street, cars cross Henry street a few doors from the large four-story double house. Commodious and elegantly furnished rooms can be engaged at moderate rates by addressing J. C. KNOTT, at above, may22-12

Meetings.

STRICT OBSERVANCE LODGE, No. 72,

A. F. M.—An Extra Communication of this Lodge will be held at Holmes's Lyceum, at 8 1/2 o'clock this evening. Candidates for the M. M. Degree will be received.

By order of the Worshipful Master, E. W. LEMAN, Secretary pro tem.

IRISH VOLUNTEER RIFLE CLUB.

Assembly at 7 o'clock, on Monday, the 27th instant, at 6 o'clock, in full uniform, for the purpose of participating in the Parade and Festival of the Irish Rifle Club.

By order of the President, JAMES A. MURRAY, Secretary L. V. R. C.

ATTENTION! WASHINGTON LIGHT INFANTRY RIFLE CLUB.

Assembly at 7 o'clock, on Monday, the 27th instant, at 6 o'clock, in full uniform, for the purpose of participating in the Parade and Festival of the Irish Rifle Club.

By order of the President, W. A. COCHRAN, Secretary L. I. R. C.

CAROLINA RIFLE CLUB—MEMBERS

will assemble at their Hall on Monday, the 27th instant, at 6 o'clock, in full uniform, for the purpose of participating in the Parade and Festival of the Irish Rifle Club.

By order of the President, J. A. MURRAY, Secretary L. V. R. C.

GERMAN RIFLE CLUB—THE MEMBERS

will assemble at their Hall on Monday, the 27th instant, at 6 o'clock, in full uniform, for the purpose of participating in the Parade and Festival of the Irish Rifle Club.

By order of the President, RICHARD ISSERLET, Secretary.

SUMTER RIFLE CLUB—ASSEMBLE

at Wilson's Hall, on Monday morning, the 27th instant, at 6 o'clock, in full uniform, for the purpose of participating in the Parade and Festival of the Irish Rifle Club.

By order of the President, W. M. BRUNS, Secretary and Treasurer.

CHARLESTON RIFLE CLUB.

You are hereby summoned to appear at Wickham's Hall, on Monday morning, the 27th instant, at 6 o'clock, in full uniform, for the purpose of participating in the Parade and Festival of the Irish Rifle Club.

By order of the Captain, J. W. MADRICK, Secretary.

PAIMETTO GUARD RIFLE CLUB.

Assembly in full uniform (White Pants) at Archer's Hall, on Monday, the 27th instant, at 6 o'clock, A. M., to participate in Parade and Festival of Irish Rifle Club.

By order of President C. R. HOLMES, A. S. DOUGLAS, Secretary and Treasurer.

DEUTSCHER ARTILLERIE-UNTERSTUTZUNGS VEREIN.

The Regular Monthly Meeting of this Society will be held to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock, in Lindisfarne Hall. Members will please be punctual.

By order, F. E. WILHELM, Secretary.

WAGENER ARTILLERY CLUB.

You are hereby summoned to assemble at Wickham's Hall, on Monday, on Monday morning, at 6 o'clock, in full uniform, for the purpose of participating in the Parade and Festival of the Irish Rifle Club.

By order, H. W. TIDEMAN, Secretary.

ATTENTION! CHARLESTON SOCIAL MOUNTED CLUB.

Members are hereby notified to assemble, in full uniform, for escort parade, on Monday, May 27th, at headquarters, corner King and Shepherd streets, at 6 A. M.

By order, C. LIEBENROD, Secretary.

CHARLESTON TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION, No. 43.

The Regular Monthly Meeting will be held this evening, at half-past 7 o'clock, at Hall over Wilson's Grocery, King street.

By order, ED. B. BRADLEY, Secretary.

BATESVILLE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the Batesville Manufacturing Company will be held this day, Saturday, 25th May, at 11 o'clock A. M., in the President's Room, Bank of Charleston.

ALEX. MACBETH, Treasurer and superintendent.

Wants.

WANTED.—A GOOD COOK WILL

find a good place by calling at No. 39 Rutledge Avenue.

WANTED, WOOL, WASHED AND

unwashed, in large and small quantities, at H. LEIDEN'S, No. 7 Haymarket street.

WANTED! WANTED!—WANTED,

a respectable Woman to cook and assist in the washing; must be willing to go to Sullivan's Island. Apply, with references, to Office of THE NEWS, No. 149 East Bay.

WANTED, PARTNER.—A YOUNG

man with \$200, travelling, going West. Business pays good profits—Novelty and Medicine. Or will pay a salary of \$30 a month and expenses for use and sale of the medicine.

Address, stating place of interview, TRAVELLER, News office.

WANTED, A WOMAN TO COOK AND

Wash; also, a Girl, about 14 years old. Apply at No. 6 Rutledge street, corner of Queen.

WANTED, A COLORED WOMAN TO

cook and wash for a small family at Mount Pleasant. Apply at No. 37 Trade street.

WANTED, A COMPETENT WOMAN,

white or colored, to sew and assist with children. Apply at Mr. HART'S, Montague street, near Smith.

WANTED, A WET NURSE, WITHOUT

a child. Apply at No. 3 Ladsen's Court.

WANTED, THE PEOPLE TO KNOW

how I sell all GOODS 50 per cent. less than elsewhere. I buy and sell for cash, and mind my own business. ADDRESS: BAZAAR, may21-tms

WANTED, A SITUATION BY A YOUNG

MAN, well acquainted in the General Merchandise and Cotton Business. The applicant has had several years' experience in both branches. Best of references furnished. Address A. DAILY, News office.

WANTED TO INFORM THOSE NOT

acquainted with the fact that the SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY issues Joint Life Policies, insuring the lives of partners in business, so that, on the death of either, the amount insured for is paid to the surviving party. It also insures husband and wife on the same plan. BENJAMIN COFFIN, Agent, No. 31 Broad street.

WANTED, A GENTLEMAN OF EDUCATION

and address, as a Lecturer. For particulars address F. at THE NEWS office.

A GENTLEMAN, WITH THE BEST

testimonials, of good character and competency wishes a position as Teacher in a public institution, or as private tutor in a family. No objections to going into the country. Can teach French, Latin, Greek, Piano and the other branches of a good station. Salary of not so great consideration as pleasant association. Address D. V., at the office of this paper.

WANTED, EVERYBODY TO KNOW

that the cheapest and best Sewing Machine in the market is the HOME SHUTTLE, price \$25 and \$37. Can be seen at the General Agency, No. 225 King street, corner Beaufort street. T. L. BISHOP, Jan25-tms

WANTED TO KNOW WHY CONSUMERS

of the Savannah and Charleston Railroad should buy Oak Wood for \$1.50 per load for Oak Wood when they can get as good, if not better, on the Savannah and Charleston Railroad wharf, for Yellow Pine Wood for \$1.25 per load, and good Lightwood for \$1.25 per load? Citizens, please answer.

For Sale.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD!—FOR

sale on the Savannah and Charleston Railroad wharf, Green Oak, \$4.50 at \$4.50 per cord; Yellow Pine Wood, \$4 per cord. Carriage to any part of the city at 10 per cord. may21-tms

ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF SEWING

MACHINES repaired on reasonable terms and at the shortest notice. Also a good second-hand Machines for sale, very low. J. LUNSFORD, Smith street, north of Wentworth.

To Rent, a RESIDENCE ON MODERATE

terms, with immediate possession. Apply at No. 42 body street.

To Rent, THAT PLEASANT DWELLING

on No. 42 Cannon street, containing six square rooms and kitchen—all in good order. Gas throughout. Large lot, running through to Spring street. Also, a small STORE on Meeting street, for terms apply to WM. H. DAWSON, Real Estate Agent, No. 65 Broad street.

To Rent, a LARGE AND COMMODIOUS

WAREHOUSE, situated in the lower part of the city, near East Bay. Apply to F. H. Trenholm, No. 1 Broad street.

To Rent, LARGE AND VERY PLEASANT

ROOMS, with piazza, to an approved tenant. No. 42 Calhoun street, next to the street.

To Rent, PLEASANT AIRY ROOMS,

singly or en suite, at moderate rates, for board and lodging. Apply at Calder House, corner Church and Queen streets.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

FOUR NIGHTS ONLY, COMMENCING MAY 27.

THE WORLD FAMOUS SKIFF AND GAYLORD'S MINSTRELS, JAP-ON-KNEES AND BRASS BAND.

EVERYTHING STRICTLY NEW.

ARTISTS.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Parquette.....75c.

Family Circle.....50c.

Gallery.....25c.

Reserved Seats.....50c.

Reserved seats can be secured during the day at the Ticket Office.

may25-5 VIN BEATTY, General Agent.

HIBERNIAN HALL.

COMMENCING TUESDAY NIGHT, MAY 21, Colonel J. R. JOHNSTON'S Dazzling and Exquisite Panorama.

TOUR OF EUROPE AND GRAND TRANSFORMATION SCENE, UNDER THE RHINE, Gorgeous and glittering beyond description.

In addition to the entertainment ONE HUNDRED VALUABLE PRESENTS

Given away each night to the audience, consisting in part of furniture, watches, Greenbacks, silver-plated ware, tea sets, &c.

Admission.....25c.

Reserved Seats.....50c.